UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of Tennessee

United States of America)
v.	,)
) Case No. 3:18-CR-41
Corey Mallone	-) -)
Defendant	,
ORDER OF DETE	NTION PENDING TRIAL
Part I - Elig	gibility for Detention
Upon the	
	suant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or
☐ Motion of the Government or Court's ov	wn motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2),
and conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.S.C. § 3142	ion is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact (i), in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.
Part II - Findings of Fact and I	Law as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)
-	S.C. § 3142(e)(2) (previous violator): There is a rebuttable onditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person ons have been met:
	e following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1):
(a) a crime of violence, a violation of	18 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C.
§ 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximu	im term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or
(b) an offense for which the maximum	n sentence is life imprisonment or death; or
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C.	erm of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the \$\ \\$01-904\), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act 05 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. \\$\ 70501-70508\); or
(a) through (c) of this paragraph, or tw	n convicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs wo or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses th (c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal tion of such offenses; or
(e) any felony that is not otherwise a c	crime of violence but involves:
*** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** **	of a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); iv) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; <i>and</i>
(2) the defendant has previously been conve	icted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C.
§ 3142(f)(1), or of a State or local offense to Federal jurisdiction had existed; <i>and</i>	hat would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise
(3) the offense described in paragraph (2) a	bove for which the defendant has been convicted was
committed while the defendant was on relea	ase pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; and

(4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a	
rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of t defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defend committed one or more of the following offenses:	
\boxtimes (1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the	
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);	
(2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;	
(3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed;	ars
(4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or	ı of
(5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.	
☐ C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above	
The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)	
OR	
The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.	
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention	
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention hear	ing.
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☐ Significant family or other ties outside the United States
Lack of legal status in the United States
☐ Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration
Prior failure to appear in court as ordered
Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement
Use of alias(es) or false documents
☐ Background information unknown or unverified
Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release

OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION:

The Court has considered the parties' proffers and the Pretrial Services Report ("PSR") and finds as follows: The nature and circumstances of the offense weigh in favor of detention, because the Defendant is charged with three counts of distributing multiple-ounce quantities of pure methamphetamine. 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g)(1). The weight of the evidence against the Defendant is significant, because the Defendant is alleged to have participated in three controlled drug-buys with a confidential source. 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g)(2). Moreover, the weight of the evidence of the Defendant's dangerousness is great due to his prior convictions for second degree murder, especially aggravated assault, aggravated assault, and assault with bodily injury. 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g)(2). The Defendant's history and characteristics also support detention. 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g)(3)(A). The PSR reflects that the Defendant has poor mental health, a daily marijuana habit, and limited financial resources. Of utmost concern to the Court is the allegation that the Defendant engaged in a drug transaction and offered to sell a firearm while at the residence of his girlfriend, at which he lives with his four young grandchildren and where he proposes to live, if released. The Defendant's criminal history is lengthy, consisting of twenty-six (26) convictions, three of which are felonies and several of which are for violent offenses. These aspects of the Defendant's character and history reveal him to be a danger to the community. 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g)(3)(A). Also, the Defendant's prior arrests for failure to appear and flight from police, prior probation violations, and convictions for criminal impersonation show him to be a flight risk. 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g)(3)(A). Finally, the nature and seriousness of the danger to the community posed by the Defendant's release is great. 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g)(4). In addition to the violent convictions set out above, the Defendant has four prior drug convictions and is presently charged in state court with the manufacture, delivery, sale, or possession with intent to sell methamphetamine on January 16, 2018, which date is after the allegations in the instant Indictment. As noted above, the Government alleges that the Defendant conducted a drug transaction at his girlfriend's residence, where he lives with his four young grandchildren. This factor weighs heavily in favor of detention. Thus, the Court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the Defendant is a danger to the community. The Court has considered the conditions proposed by the Defendant and finds that they fail to rebut the presumption that he is a danger or to reasonably assure the Court of the safety of the community.

Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

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Date:	06/11/2018		Debra C. Voden	
			United States Magistrate Judge	